

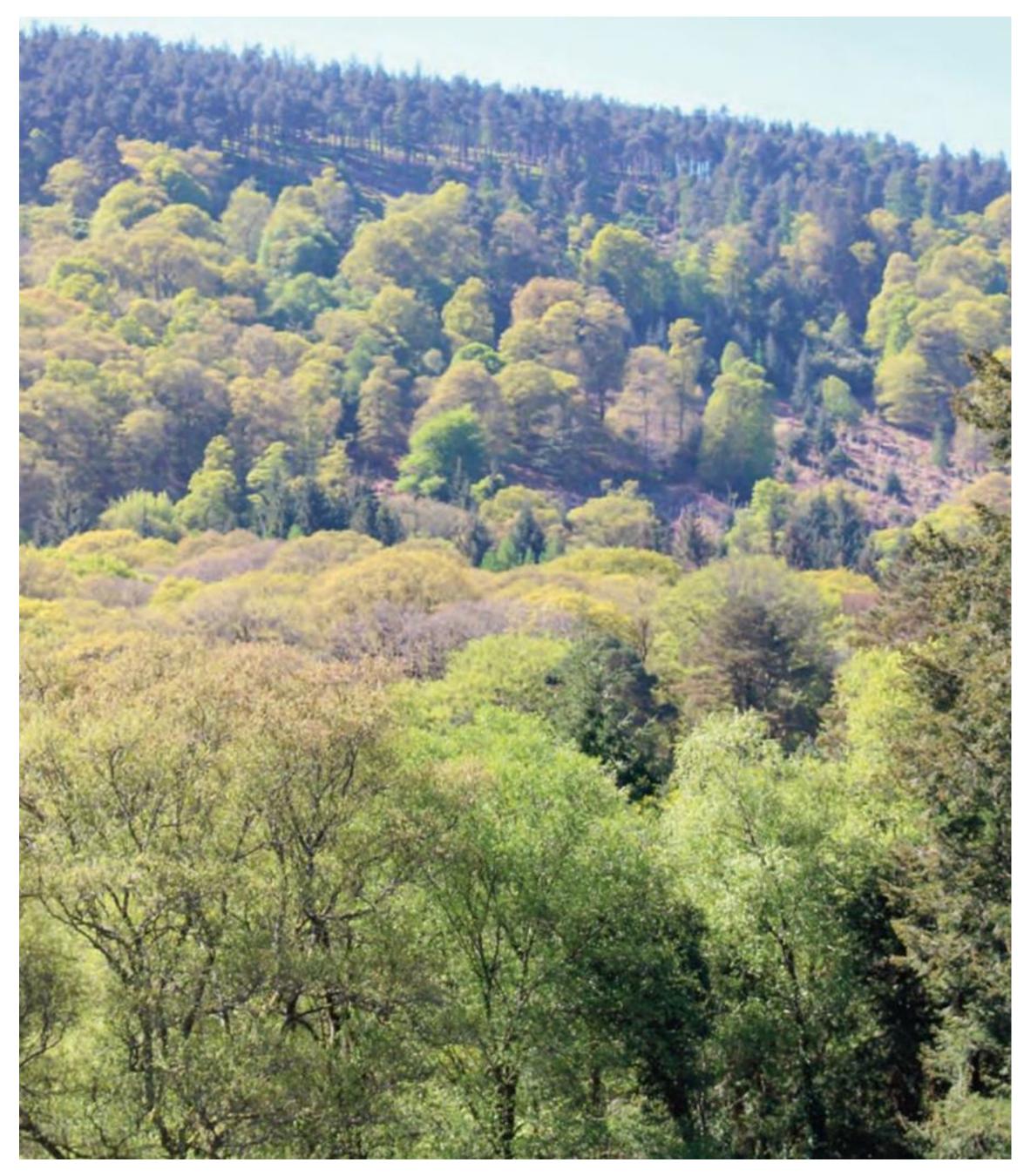
An Roinn Talmhaíochta, Bia agus Mara Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine

Ireland's New Forest Strategy – opportunities for diversification

International Agroforestry Conference

16th – 17th November 2023, Westlodge Hotel, Bantry, Co.Cork

Fergus Moore Head of Division Forestry Sector Development



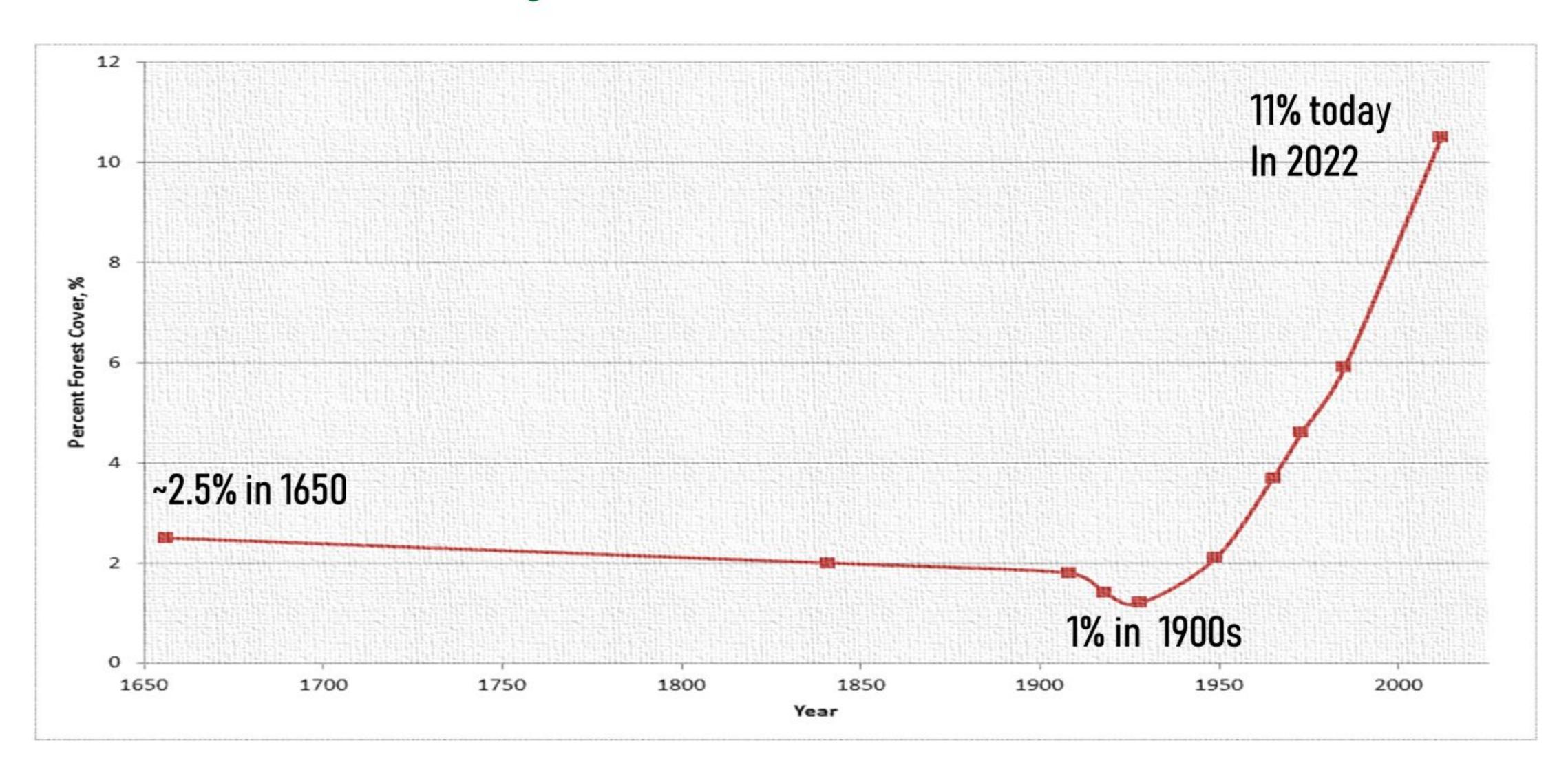
Presentation Content

- Overview of Forestry in Ireland
 - Irelands forests
 - International policy direction
- Irelands Forest Strategy
 - Development
 - Shared Forestry Vision 2050
 - Opportunities for diversification



Overview forestry in Ireland

At the beginning of the 20th century Irelands forests were just 1% of our land area





Forest Cover 11.6%

(Conifers 70%: Broadleaved 30%)



9,400+
Employment
(direct and indirect)

Recreation:
22 Million Day
Visits per Year

Forestry Key Facts

Afforestation 1989 – 2023 300,000 ha









Annual Harvest
~ 4 million m³

Forest Owners 24,000

The management of our forest resource supports a thriving forest industry















International Policy Direction



Paris Agreement – limit temperature rise to less than 2 degrees above pre-industrial levels, pursue efforts to limit to less than 1.5 degrees

EC 2030 Climate Plan - to reduce GHG emissions by 55% by 2030

Fit for 55 Package to make EU policies fit to achieve 55% reduction target

European Green Deal

EU Forest Strategy, Deforestation regulation, Nature restoration Law Guidelines on Biodiversity-Friendly Afforestation, Reforestation and Tree Planting (Significant references to Agroforestry)















National Policy Direction

- The Programme for Government reduction in GHG emissions
- Climate Action Plan 2022 sectoral emissions reduction targets – climate neutral economy by 2050
- Land Use review and LULUCF targets
- Irelands new Forest Strategy
- Forestry Programme 2023-2027 afforestation, including Agroforestry

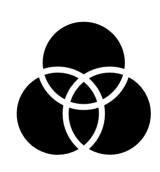


Irelands Forest Strategy

Extensive Public Consultation to develop Forestry Vision 2050 and Strategy 2030



Forest Policy Group Established



SWOT and PESTLE Analysis



State of Knowledge Report



Scenario, principles & Vision



Public Attitudes Survey

22nd November- 3rd December 2021



Communities
Irish Rural Link

November/December 2021



Bilateral Stakeholder Consultation

2021-2023



Public Consultation

16th March – 27th April 2022



Deliberative
Dialogue
99 Citizens
10th - 14th May 2022



January 2022

Youth
Forum
12-18yrs old
25



29th November 2022

SEA

Right Reasons - Tackling Climate Change and enhancing Biodiversity

The survey asked if people agree or disagree with the following statements. The chart below shows the percentage of people that "strongly agreed" with the statements. As seen in other questions, the combination of Strongly Agree and Agree raised the level of agreement significantly.

1. "Ireland needs to create more forest to protect and improve biodiversity"

> 82% Strongly agree

(n=3130)

2. "Ireland needs to create more forest to contribute to reducing carbon dioxide and achieving carbon neutrality by 2050."

> 80% Strongly agree

> > (n=3122)

 "Restoring and enhancing our native woodland habitats is important for biodiversity."

> 79.9% Strongly agree

(n=3116)

Forest habitats should be allowed to generate naturally, where appropriate.

62% Strongly agree

(n=3114)

4. Both climate change and biodiversity improvements should be targeted when planning and managing forests.

78.6% Strongly agree

(n=3116)

Attitudes Survey 1000 people

- 2 in 3 state that they would like an even balance of forests & agriculture in their ideal landscape, while a further quarter would like a forest-dominated landscape
- 3 in 4 would like more forests in their county and more trees planted in their nearest urban area.
- Of those who want more forests, 7 in 10 want a mix between conifers and deciduous trees.

19

Forest Strategy: VISION 2050

THE RIGHT TREES IN THE RIGHT PLACES FOR THE RIGHT REASONS WITH THE RIGHT MANAGEMENT SUPPORTING A SUSTAINABLE AND THRIVING ECONOMY AND SOCIETY AND A HEALTHY ENVIRONMENT.



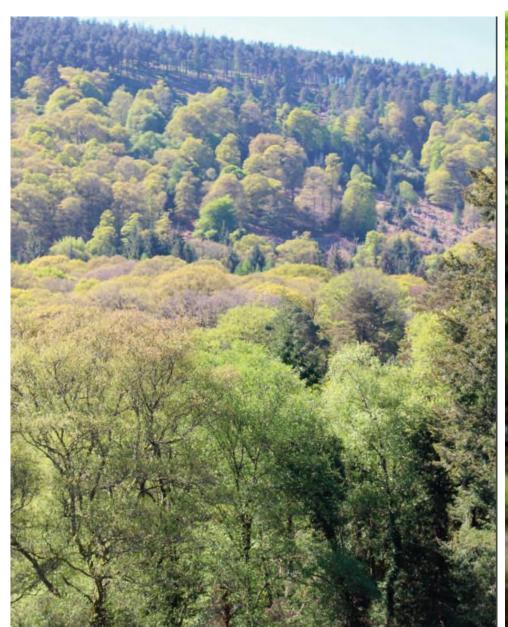
Irelands National Forest Strategy

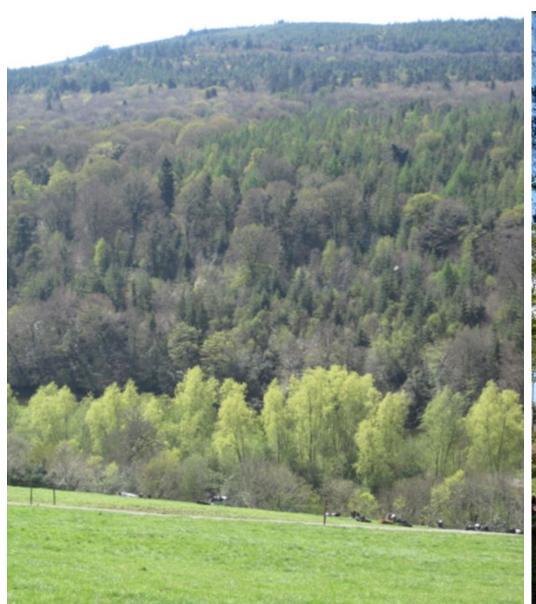
FOREST FOR CLIMATE	FORESTS FOR WOOD	FORESTS FOR PEOPLE	FORESTS FOR NATURE	FORESTS FOR ECONOMY
Forests sequester and store carbon. Irish forests and their soils currently store over 300 million tonnes of carbon	Wood provides sustainable building materials and replaces materials made using energy from fossil fuels	Forests provide places for recreation. Our public forests provide access on 400,000 ha	Forests provide important habitats for plants and animals, protect water quality when established sustainably	Forests produced 4 million cubic metres of timber in 2020, support a vibrant forest industry

Forest Strategy provides opportunities to identify actions to deliver on these 5 strategic themes



Opportunities for Diversification









FT1 – Native forests

FT2 – Forests for Water

FT11 – Mixed high forest

FT8 – Agroforestry









FT4 - Neighbourwoods

FT3 – Forests on public lands Continuous Cover Forestry Forest Roads

Harvested Wood Products





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Thank you

